SERMON September 14, 2014 [Gen. 50:15-21; Psalm 103:1-13; Romans 14:1-12; Matt. 18:21-35] G. Franklin Shirbroun, St. Augustine's in-the-Woods Episcopal Church

PRAYER: Let the words of my mouth and the meditation of our hearts be acceptable to you, O Lord, our strength, our courage, and our freedom. Amen

Our Old Testament lesson this morning describes a dramatic encounter between the patriarch Joseph and his brothers. It comes near the end of **a long series** of **Joseph stories** that take up almost one-quarter of the book of Genesis. It also comes at the **end** of Genesis, where it functions as a **summary** of the stories of the patriarchs of Israel--Abraham, Isaac & Jacob—and also as a **preview** of God's involvement in Israel's experiences in the **wilderness**. All of this underscores the profound **importance** of the story of Joseph for God's people, **including us**!

Now, the Joseph Cycle is one **continuous**, **connected** narrative whose primary purpose is **didactic**, i.e., the Joseph stories teach the reader—they teach **us!--how God works** in the world, including working in **hidden** and **mysterious** ways. Unlike the pessimistic **Greek** belief in **Fate** that **determines** all of life, or the view that everything happens by **chance**, or the view that **humans** determine their **own destiny**, the story of Joseph affirms in the strongest terms that **God superintends all** of human experience for **good**. For the **first** time in the biblical narrative, Joseph enunciates the **truth** that **God** is able to bring **good** out of **all** the actions and experiences of human beings, even the **most evil** actions and the most tragic experiences. This truth about God's deep **involvement** in human experience is what the **BCP** call's "God's providence". Now, "providence" is **not** a biblical term; but the **reality** of God's overruling providence **pervades** all of Scripture. In the highly **troubled** times in which we live, as well as in the midst **of our own pain** and our **own personal tragedy**, we **need** to hear Joseph's story of God's faithfulness to bring **good** from what seems to be **only bad**.

Now, to understand the amazing **power** of Joseph's testimony to God's providential care, we need to **know more** about Joseph's story. Here are a few **highlights**. The great patriarch, Jacob, had **twelve sons** and you know that Joseph

was his **favorite son.** It was to Joseph that Jacob gave the **famous** "coat of many colors". Jacob's **favoritism** toward Joseph made his brothers **jealous**. And two **dreams** of Joseph, in which his brothers appear to be **serving him**, aroused their **hatred**. One day, Jacob sends Joseph out to where his brothers are herding their father's sheep. The brothers **seize** this opportunity; they **strip** Joseph of his precious coat; and they **sell** him to a traveling caravan to be sold as a **slave** in Egypt!

In Egypt, Joseph becomes the slave of **Potiphar**, a high-ranking officer in Pharaoh's court. The narrator of Joseph's story, in a **refrain** that runs through the Joseph stories, says, "**The Lord was with Joseph** and he became a **successful** man." (39:2) So successful, in fact, that Potiphar put Joseph in charge of **all** that he had. Something **good** after the **evil** done to him! Before long, Potiphar's wife tries to **seduce** Joseph. He **repeatedly refuses** her advances; but then she **turns** on him and tells **Potiphar** that **Joseph** has been trying to seduce **her**. Potiphar is **outraged**, of course, and throws Joseph into **prison**. More **evil** done to Joseph—now, **falsely accused** and thrown into **prison**.

But, the narrator affirms again, "The Lord was with Joseph and showed him steadfast love, and gave him favor in the sight of the keeper of the prison." (39:21) Indeed! The keeper of the prison put Joseph in charge of all the prisoners! Then the story takes a new twist when two high-ranking officials of Pharaoh—his chief butler and his baker—are sent to the prison where Joseph is in charge. Each man has a dream, which Joseph is able to interpret with God's help. Joseph interprets the butler's dream to mean the butler will be restored to his role waiting on Pharaoh. When the butler is finally released from prison, Joseph asks him to remember Joseph to Pharaoh. "But," the narrator tells us, "the chief butler did not remember Joseph, but forgot him." (40:23) And so Joseph is wronged yet again!

**Two more years** pass while Joseph is **forgotten** in prison. Then Pharaoh has two very **troubling** dreams, which none of his Egyptian wise men is able to interpret. The chief butler suddenly **remembers** Joseph and his ability to interpret dreams. So,

Pharaoh sends for Joseph, tells Joseph the dreams, and asks for his interpretation. Pharaoh's two dreams, you may recall, are **predictions** of **seven** years of **abundant** harvest, followed by **seven** years of **famine**. Because of Joseph's interpretation Pharaoh puts **Joseph** in charge of the preparations for the famine. In fact, Joseph is made **second** in command to Pharaoh himself! Pharaoh also gives Joseph an Egyptian wife, the daughter of the **High Priest**, with whom he has two sons. Now, it is significant that Joseph names the first son **Manasseh**, which means, "God has made me forget all my **hardships**". (41:51) You see, the Lord is **still with** Joseph! How things have **changed for good** since Joseph was sold into slavery by his brothers! And in ways he could **never have foreseen**!

Well, the famine comes as predicted and Joseph administers the food program by which the Egyptians are kept alive. And not just Egyptians! Joseph's own brothers—the ones who had sold him into slavery--come from the land of Canaan to Egypt to buy grain. Ironically, the brothers must deal with Joseph, whom they do not recognize and could never guess would have this high position! Joseph, on the other hand, does recognize his brothers and, in a highly emotional scene, Joseph suddenly reveals who he is, "I am Joseph your brother, whom you sold into Egypt!" (45:3) What a shocking disclosure! The brothers are absolutely terrified! They are afraid that Joseph will now take revenge for the evil they had done to him.

So, what **does** Joseph do? **Remind** them of their evil behavior toward him? **No!** Mete out the **punishment** they deserve? **No!** Instead, Joseph utters these **absolutely amazing** words of grace: "Do not be **distressed**, or **angry** with yourselves, because you sold me here; for **God** sent me **before** you to **preserve life**. ...and to **keep alive** for you **many** survivors. So it is not **you** who sent me here, but **God**." (45:5-8) **Three times** in this scene Joseph declares the **unseen**, but **effective** providence of God, who **counters** their evil intentions: **they** did not send Joseph to Egypt; it was **God** who sent him to Egypt, so that Joseph could save their lives!

Now, fast forward to the scene described in our Old Testament lesson this morning. Their father **Jacob** has **died** and the brothers are afraid Joseph will **now** take his **revenge** on them. So, **what** does Joseph **do**? He speaks **yet again** of the **overruling providence of God**, who has taken even the evil intentions of his brothers and brought good from those intentions: "Even though you intended to do **harm** to me, God intended it for **good**, in order to preserve a numerous people, as he is doing today." (50:19-20)

This is what the **grace-ful providence of God** is all about, my friends. It is the **gracious** action of God, who takes **all** the intentions and actions humans devise, including the **evil** ones, and somehow **brings good** out of them. **How is** God able to "make all things work together for good", as the Apostle Paul puts it? I confess I cannot explain **how** God does this; I can only **testify** to the glorious **truth** Joseph's story illustrates.

I know this truth from personal experience. In what I am about to tell you, all the glory belongs to God. I did not have my doctoral dissertation written when I began teaching in Azusa Pacific College in Southern California, where I first met Teresa more than 35 years ago. With a heavy teaching load and two small children, I was not getting it done either. So, I decided to take a leave of absence for a year. I left with the blessing of the college and with their financial support and returned to Princeton to finish my work. After I had been there about six months, I received a phone call in which I was told bluntly that there would be no teaching position for me when I returned. The college was reorganizing itself as a university and the person who was to become my superior did not want me there. The reasons why were purely political, as Teresa can attest.

This news hit me like a **blow** from behind! I was completely **overcome** by the gross **unfairness** of it all. For two months, I walked around in a **daze** and **lost** valuable time on the dissertation. I **confess** I could **not see** God at work in all this! How could things have worked out for me to complete my work, but then have my teaching position

suddenly **yanked** out from under me? Was it not God's will for me to finish my dissertation? "Where **are** you, God?!"

At that time and for some time after that, I could **not** say, what Joseph said, "**You** did something evil to me, but **God** meant it for **good**." It was only **over time**, and in **retrospect**, that I came to see what **Joseph** saw with regard to his ill treatment by his brothers. **Gradually**, I, too, **looking back** began to see how God was **bringing good** out of what had seemed only **bad** for me.

Now I see many good things that came from the devastating loss of my teaching position; but I will only mention two. When I returned home, I only had about half of my dissertation written and I had no job! So, I fell back on what I knew I could do to make a living: paint houses and hang wallpaper. Some time later, one of my former students called to say she and her husband wanted to talk with me. I had not had any contact with her since she finished several of my classes. When they came over one evening, they expressed concern that I would have to work full time to provide for my family and therefore would not be able to finish my dissertation. They said they both had well-paying jobs in the Silicon Valley and were making so much money that they were "concerned"—their term!—with what to do with their tithe! So, they offered to give me and my family \$750 each month until I finished the dissertation! And they did so faithfully! And that made it possible for me to finish it! If you read the "Acknowledgments" in my dissertation, you will eventually come across this cryptic line: "Laura and Jeffry Yeates freed my hands to finish the writing." That is literally true!

Now, since I had **lost** my teaching position, I was suddenly **free** for **something else**. Through a series of circumstances in which I now see **God's hidden hand** at work, I ended up teaching in the Episcopal Theological School at Claremont for more than **17 years**, something I could **never have imagined**. Teaching future priests and deacons (and one future **Bishop!**) in the Episcopal Church during those years was the **most rewarding** teaching I have ever done. So, I stand before you to testify, "I **know** 

what Joseph meant when he said, "Even though you meant **harm** to me, **God** intended it for **good**." This is the glorious **paradox of grace**!

Now, in recounting the experiences of Joseph and myself, I have focused narrowly on the harmful actions of others toward us; but, I believe God is able to take all of our experiences in life, whatever they may be, including the broken relationships, the debilitating accidents, profound health issues, lost opportunities—all of our experiences and use every single one for our good. I also have to be honest with you: God's providential care does **not** mean we will **escape** the suffering, the depression, the frustration, the loss from the bad things that happen to us any more than it did for Joseph. But, the providence of God does mean that God is there with us in the midst of that experience, even if for a time God's action for our good is **hidden**. The narrator of the Joseph stories reminds us repeatedly that God was continually with Joseph; and still, bad things happened to him. Despite Jesus' anguished prayer in the Garden. God did **not** step in to save him from suffering and death; but, God did raise up Jesus for our salvation! The providence of God does not mean God **pulling strings** to manipulate the circumstances of our lives, but rather God weaving together the various strands of our experience into the perfect pattern of God's desire for us. I firmly believe this!

This Eucharistic table is where this great paradox of grace is on magnificent display Sunday after Sunday. Jesus' death was the result of the evil intentions and actions that arise in every human heart. This bread and wine made holy re-affirms the providence of God—the gracious work of God—which takes up all human intentions and actions, even the evil ones, and somehow brings life from them. Just as God sent Joseph before his brothers to preserve their lives, so also God sent Jesus before us to give us life. May we receive God's providential gift of grace with thankful hearts this morning. May our eyes of faith be opened to see the hidden, gracious hand of God at work in all our lives for good. And may we learn to say with. Julian of Norwich, "All shall be well, and all manner of things shall be well"?